



(仅供科研使用，不得用于临床诊断!)

人甲状腺刺激素抗体;甲状腺刺激免疫球蛋白(TSAb)ELISA 试剂
盒 使用说明书 产品货号: **BY-EH110788** 规格: **48T/96T**

使用前请仔细阅读说明书。如果有任何问题，请通过以下方式联系我们：

官方热线: **025-5229-8998** 销售部电话: **13914481711** 技术电话:

15950492658 联系邮箱: **3224949330@qq.com** 公司网址:

www.byabscience.cn 具体保质期请见试剂盒外包装标签。请在保质期内使
用试剂盒。

联系时请提供产品货号、生产日期（见盒签），以便我们更高效为您服务。



试剂盒性能 检测范围：15 ng/mL– 20

ng/mL。

灵敏度：最低检出剂量小于 0.1 ng/mL。

精密度：批内变异系数 CV% 小于 10%；批间变异系数 CV% 小于 15%。

回收率：回收率在 85%-115% 之间。

特异性：本试剂盒识别天然和重组人甲状腺刺激素抗体;甲状腺刺激免疫球蛋白(TSAb)，与结构类似物无交叉。

稳定性：2℃-8℃ 保存，有效期 6 个月。

用途：用于检测血清、血浆、细胞培养上清液和组织等样本中人甲状腺刺激素抗体;甲状腺刺激免疫球蛋白(TSAb)的浓度。

保质期：2℃-8℃ 保存，有效期 6 个月。

实验原理

试剂盒采用间接法酶联免疫吸附试验（ELISA）。往预先包被人甲状腺刺激素抗体;甲状腺刺激免疫球蛋白(TSAb)捕获抗原的包被微孔中，依次加入待测样本和标准品，再加入 HRP 标记的检测抗体，经过温育并彻底洗涤。加底物 A 和 B，底物在 HRP 催化下，产生蓝色产物，在终止液（酸性溶液）作用下，最终转化为黄色。在酶标仪 450nm 波长上测定吸光度（OD 值），吸光度（OD 值）与待测样品中人甲状腺刺激素抗体;甲状腺刺激免疫球蛋白(TSAb)的浓度正相关。拟合校准品曲线，可以计算出样本中人甲状腺刺激素抗体;甲状腺刺激免疫球蛋白(TSAb)的浓度。



Kit components and storage: Store unopened kits at 2-8 degrees Celsius. Do not use expired kits.

Components	48-well configuration	96-well configuration	Store after opening
Pre-coated enzyme plate	48T	96T	2-8°C 14 days
Standard product	0.3mL*6 tubes	0.3mL*6 tubes	2-8°C 14 days
sample diluent	3ml	6ml	2-8°C 180 days
HRP labeled antibodies	5ml	10ml	2-8°C 14 days
Chromogenic substrate A	3ml	6ml	2-8°C 180 days
Chromogenic substrate B	3ml	6ml	2-8°C 180 days
stop solution	3ml	6ml	2-8°C 180 days
20×Lotion	15ml	25ml	2-8°C 180 days
sealing film	2 sheets	2 sheets	
manual	1 serving	1 serving	
Ziplock bag	1	1	

The concentrations of calibrators are: 20, 240, 120, 60, 30 and 15 ng/mL.

Note: 1: Before use, please check whether the label and quantity of

the reagents in the kit are consistent with the table.

2: If the components of the kit need to be used again, please ensure that they have

not been contaminated since the last use. 3: If the enzyme plate is not used up in a

single time, remember to seal it and store it at 2-8°C.

Prepare your own test equipment required for the test (not provided, but can assist in

- 1) Microplate reader capable of detecting absorbance at 450 nm
- 2) Pipette, pipette tip, and sample addition tank
- 3) 37°C incubator or water bath
- 4) Test tubes, centrifuge tubes, measuring cylinders, etc. for preparing

reagents 5) Distilled water or deionized

water Ionized water

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6) Vortex shaker, microplate shaker

**Notes 1) For scientific research use only,
not for clinical diagnosis.**

- 2) Use within the validity period marked on the kit. Expired products must not be used.
- 3) Do not mix with kits or components from other manufacturers. Use the sample diluent provided with the kit.
- 4) If the sample value is higher than the highest standard concentration value, please dilute the sample appropriately and then re-measure.
- 5) Human anti-mouse and other heterophilic antibodies present in the sample to be tested will interfere with the test results. Please eliminate this factor before testing.
- 6) The test results obtained by other methods are not directly comparable to the test results of this kit.
- 7) Please wear a lab coat and latex gloves for protection during the test. Especially when testing blood or other body fluid samples, please follow the national biological laboratory safety protection regulations.
- 8) Carry out incubation strictly according to the specified time and temperature to ensure accurate results. All reagents must reach room temperature 20-25°C before use. Store reagents refrigerated immediately after use.
- 9) Improper plate washing can lead to inaccurate results. Make sure to absorb as much liquid as possible from the wells before adding substrate. Do not allow the microwells to dry out during incubation.
- 10) Eliminate residual liquid and fingerprints on the bottom of the plate, otherwise it will affect the OD value.
- 11) The substrate chromogenic solution should be colorless or very light in color.
- 12) Avoid cross-contamination of reagents and specimens to avoid erroneous results.

13) Avoid direct exposure to strong light during storage and incubation.

14) The microplate reader used for detection needs to be equipped with a filter capable of detecting a wavelength of $450\pm 10\text{nm}$, and the optical density range is between 0-3.5. It is recommended to preheat 15 minutes in advance before use.

15) The EP tubes and suction tips used in the test are single-use and are strictly prohibited from mixing.

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Sample preparation and storage

The following lists only general guidelines for sample collection and preservation. During the collection and storage of all samples, sodium azide must not be used as a preservative. If the sample is not analyzed immediately, it should be aliquoted and stored frozen, and repeated freezing and thawing should be avoided.

Cell culture supernatant - centrifuge to remove precipitate, analyze immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C.

Serum - Collect blood in a clean test tube, coagulate at room temperature for 30 minutes, centrifuge at 2000×g for 20 minutes, and collect serum. Analyze immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C.

Plasma—anticoagulate with heparin, citrate, or EDTA, and centrifuge at 2000×g for 20 minutes at 2-8°C within 30 minutes of blood draw. To eliminate the influence of platelets, it is recommended to further centrifuge at 10,000 × g for 10 minutes at 2-8°C. Analyze immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C.

Cell lysis buffer - For adherent cells, remove the culture medium and wash with PBS, normal saline or serum-free culture medium. Add an appropriate amount of lysis solution and pipet several times with a gun to fully contact the lysate and cells. Typically after 10 seconds, cells are lysed. For suspended cells, collect the cells by centrifugation and wash them once with PBS, physiological saline or serum-free culture medium. Add an appropriate amount of lysis solution, blow the cells with a gun, and flick them with your fingers to fully lyse the cells. After full lysis, centrifuge at 10000-14000×g for 3-5 minutes and take the supernatant. Analyze immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C.

Tissue homogenate - rinse the tissue with pre-cooled PBS (0.01M, pH=7.4) to remove residual blood (lysed red blood cells in the homogenate will affect the measurement results), weigh and cut the tissue into pieces. Mix the minced tissue with the corresponding volume of PBS (generally

according to the weight to volume ratio of 1:9, for example, 1g of tissue sample corresponds to 9mL of PBS. The specific volume can be adjusted appropriately according to the experimental needs and recorded. It is recommended to add Protease inhibitor) was added to a glass homogenizer and ground thoroughly on ice. In order to further lyse tissue cells, the homogenate can be sonicated or frozen and thawed repeatedly. Finally, centrifuge the homogenate at 5000 × g for 5 to 10 minutes, and take the supernatant for detection.

Urine - Collect in sterile tubes and centrifuge at 2000×g for 20 minutes. Carefully collect the supernatant. If a precipitate forms, centrifuge again.

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Reagent preparation 1. Before use, all components must be rewarmed for at least 60 minutes to ensure sufficient rewarming to room temperature.

2. Concentrated washing liquid: The concentrated washing liquid taken out from the refrigerator will produce crystals. This is a normal phenomenon. Heating in a water bath will completely dissolve the crystals. Concentrated detergent and distilled water, dilute 1:20, that is, 1 part of concentrated detergent, add 19 parts of distilled water.

3. Substrate: Substrate solutions A and B, mix thoroughly at a volume of 1:1 before use, and use within 15 minutes after mixing.

Operating procedures: Return all reagents and components to room temperature first. For standards, quality control materials and samples, it is recommended to make duplicate holes. 1. Prepare the working solutions of various components of the kit according to the method described in the previous instructions.

2. Take out the required slats from the aluminum foil bag, seal the remaining slats in a ziplock bag and return it to the refrigerator.

3. Set up standard wells and sample wells, and add 50 μL of standards of different concentrations to each standard well;

4. Add 50 μL of the sample to be tested into the sample well; do not add it to the blank well.

5. Except for the blank well, add 100 μL of horseradish peroxidase (HRP)-labeled detection antibody to each well of the standard well and sample well, seal the reaction well with a sealing film, and keep the temperature in a water bath or constant temperature oven at 37°C. Incubate for 60 minutes.

6. Discard the liquid, pat dry on absorbent paper, fill each well with washing solution (350 μ L), let it stand for 1 minute, shake off the washing solution, pat dry on absorbent paper, and repeat washing the plate 5 times (you can also use a plate washer to wash it) plate).

(Tip: In order to obtain ideal experimental results, the residual liquid must be completely removed. After washing the plate, please proceed to the next step immediately and do not let the microplate dry.) 7. Add 50 μ L each of substrates A and B to each well. Incubate at 37°C in the dark for 15 minutes.

8. Add 50 μ L of stop solution to each well, and within 15 minutes, measure the OD value of each well at a wavelength of 450 nm.

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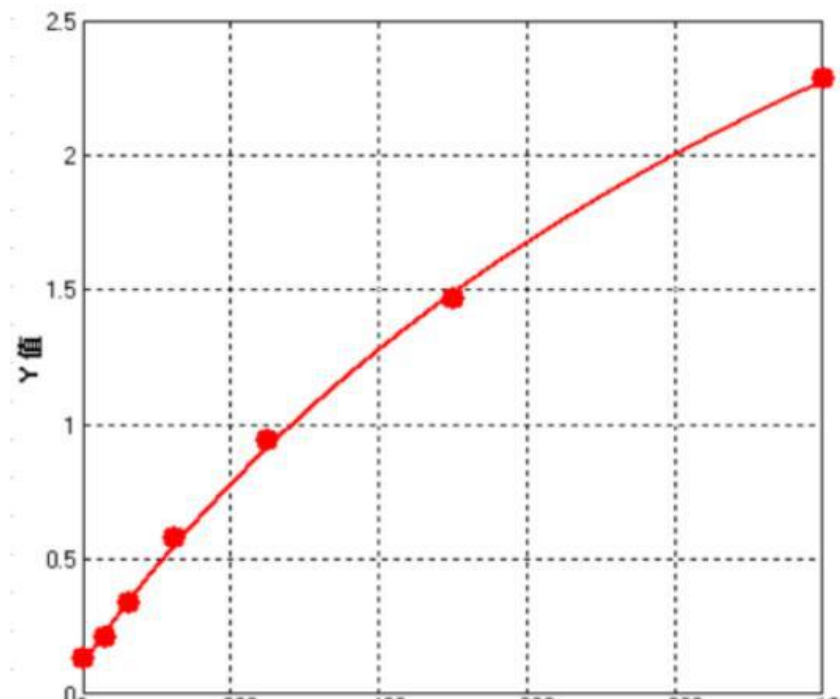
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[Result calculation]

9. Use the concentration of the standard substance as the abscissa and the corresponding absorbance (OD value) as the ordinate. Use computer software and four-parameter Logistic curve fitting (4-pl) to create a standard curve equation. Through the absorbance (OD value) of the sample value), use the equation to calculate the concentration value of the sample. [Calculation using ELISA Calc software]
10. If the sample is diluted, the concentration value measured by the above method must be multiplied by the dilution factor to obtain the final concentration of the sample. Note: Experimenters need to establish a standard curve based on their own experiments. For each test, a standard curve must be established for each enzyme plate. The following curves are for reference only!



(Schematic diagram of the music, for reference only)

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[Problem Analysis] If the experimental results are not good, please take pictures of the color development results in time, save the experimental data, keep the used strips and unused reagents, and then contact our company's technical support to solve the problem for you. At the same time, you can also refer to the following information: [Questions and Answers]

Problem description	Possible reasons	Corresponding countermeasures Corresponding countermeasures
standard curve gradient difference	Incorrect liquid aspiration or	Check pipettes and tips
	Equilibration time is too short	Ensure sufficient balancing time
	Incomplete washing	Ensure the washing time and number of washings and the amount of liquid added to each hole
Very weak or colorless	Incubation time too short	Ensure adequate incubation time
	The experimental temperature is incorrect	Use recommended experimental temperatures
	Insufficient reagent volume or missing addition	Check the liquid aspirating and adding process to ensure that all reagents are added in order and in
	Incorrect dilution	
	Enzyme label inactivation or substrate failure	Mix enzyme conjugate and substrate and check by rapid color development
Reading value is low	Microplate reader settings are incorrect	Check the wavelength and filter
		Turn on the microplate reader and preheat it in advance
Large coefficient of variation	Adding fluid incorrectly	Check the filling situation
High background value	The working concentration of the	Use the recommended dilution
	Incomplete washing of enzyme plate	Ensure that each step of cleaning is complete; if using an automatic plate washer, please check whether all outlets are blocked;
	The lotion is contaminated	Prepare fresh lotion
Low sensitivity	Improper storage of ELISA kits	Store relevant reagents according to
	Not terminated before reading	Stop solution should be added to

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