



(For scientific research use only, not for clinical diagnosis!)

**Human Hantavirus Antibody (HV-Ab)** 

**ELISA Kit Instructions for Use Product** 

No.: BY-EH115400 Specifications:

48T/96T

Please read the instructions carefully before use. If you have any questions,

please contact us through the following methods: Official hotline: 025-5229-

8998 Sales department phone: 13914481711 Technical phone: 15950492658

Contact email: 3224949330@qq.com Company website:

www.byabscience.cn For specific shelf life, please see the reagents Box

packaging label. Please use the kit within the shelf life.

When contacting us, please provide the produ	ct number and production	date (see box	label) so that w	<sub>re</sub>
can serve you more efficiently.				



Kit performance Physical properties: Each liquid component is clear and transparent, with no precipitation or floc. Microplate aluminum foil bags should be vacuum packed without damage or leakage.

Negative control OD value: less than 0.2.

Positive control OD value: greater than 0.8.

Precision: intra-batch variation coefficient CV% is less than 10%; inter-batch variation coefficient CV% is less than 15%.

Recovery rate: The recovery rate is between 85%-115%.

Specificity: This kit recognizes native and recombinant human hantavirus antibodies (HV-Ab) and has no crossover with structural analogs. Stability: Stored at  $2^{\circ}\text{C}-8^{\circ}\text{C}$ , validity period is 6 months.

Purpose: For the qualitative detection of human hantavirus antibodies (HV-Ab) in samples such as serum, plasma, cell culture supernatants, and tissues.

Shelf life: Stored at 2°C-8°C, valid for 6 months.

## Experimental principle

The kit uses an indirect enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA). To the microwells precoated with human hantavirus antibody (HV-Ab) capture antigen, add the specimen, negative and positive controls in sequence, then add the HRP-labeled detection antibody, incubate and wash thoroughly. The substrate TMB is used for color development. TMB is converted into blue under the catalysis of peroxidase and into the final yellow under the action of acid. The depth of the color is positively correlated with the human hantavirus antibodies (HV-Ab) in the sample. Use a microplate

reader to measure the absorbance (	(OD value) at a wavelength of 450 nm	n to determine negative and
positive.		
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Website: www.byabscience.cn	<b>Official hotline: 025-5229-8998</b>	Supervision phone number:



Kit components and storage: Store unopened kits at 2-8

degrees Celsius. Do not use expired kits.

Components	48-well configuration	96-well configuration	Store after opening
Pre-coated enzyme	48T	96T	2-8°C14 days
negative control	0.3mL	0.3mL	2-8°C14 days
positive control	0.3mL	0.3mL	2-8°C14 days
sample diluent	3ml	6ml	2-8°C180 days
HRP labeled antibodies	5ml	10ml	2-8°C14 days
Chromogenic substrate	3ml	6ml	2-8°C180 days
Chromogenic substrate	3ml	6ml	2-8°C180 days
stop solution	3ml	6ml	2-8°C180 days
20×Lotion	15ml	25ml	2-8°C180 days
sealing film	2 sheets	2 sheets	
manual	1 serving	1 serving	
Ziplock bag	1	1	

Note: 1: Please check whether the label and quantity of the reagents in the kit are consistent with the table before use.

2: If the components of the kit need to be used again, please ensure that they have not been contaminated since the last use. 3: If the enzyme plate is not used up in a single time, remember to seal it and store it at 2-8°C.

#### Prepare your own test equipment required for the test (not provided, but can assist in

1) Microplate reader capable of detecting absorbance at 450 nm 2) Pipette, pipette tip, and sample addition tank 3) 37°C incubator or water bath 4) Test tubes, centrifuge tubes, measuring cylinders, etc. for preparing reagents 5) Distilled water or deionized water Ionized water 6) Vortex oscillator, microplate oscillator



#### Notes 1) For scientific research use only,

not for clinical diagnosis.

- 2) Use within the validity period marked on the kit. Expired products must not be used.
- 3) Do not mix with kits or components from other manufacturers. Use the sample diluent provided with the kit.
- 4) If the sample value is higher than the highest standard concentration value, please dilute the sample appropriately and then re-measure.
- 5) Human anti-mouse and other heterophilic antibodies present in the sample to be tested will interfere with the test results. Please eliminate this factor before testing.
- 6) The test results obtained by other methods are not directly comparable to the test results of this kit.
- 7) Please wear a lab coat and latex gloves for protection during the test. Especially when testing blood or other body fluid samples, please follow the national biological laboratory safety protection regulations.
- 8) Carry out incubation strictly according to the specified time and temperature to ensure accurate results. All reagents must reach room temperature 20-25°C before use. Store reagents refrigerated immediately after use.
- 9) Improper plate washing can lead to inaccurate results. Make sure to absorb as much liquid as possible from the wells before adding substrate. Do not allow the microwells to dry out during incubation.
- 10) Eliminate residual liquid and fingerprints on the bottom of the plate, otherwise it will affect the OD value.
- 11) The substrate chromogenic solution should be colorless or very light in color.
- 12) Avoid cross-contamination of reagents and specimens to avoid erroneous results.
- 13) Avoid direct exposure to strong light during storage and incubation.

- 14) The microplate reader used for detection needs to be equipped with a filter capable of detecting a wavelength of 450±10nm, and the optical density range is between 0-3.5. It is recommended to preheat 15 minutes in advance before use.
- 15) The EP tubes and suction tips used in the test are single-use and are strictly prohibited from mixing.



## Sample preparation and storage

The following lists only general guidelines for sample collection and preservation. During the collection and storage of all samples, sodium azide must not be used as a preservative. If the sample is not analyzed immediately, it should be aliquoted and stored frozen, and repeated freezing and thawing should be avoided.

Cell culture supernatant - centrifuge to remove precipitate, analyze immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C.

Serum - Collect blood in a clean test tube, coagulate at room temperature for 30 minutes, centrifuge at 2000×g for 20 minutes, and collect serum. Analyze immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C.

Plasma—anticoagulate with heparin, citrate, or EDTA, and centrifuge at 2000×g for 20 minutes at 2-8°C within 30 minutes of blood draw. To eliminate the influence of platelets, it is recommended to further centrifuge at 10,000 × g for 10 minutes at 2-8°C. Analyze immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C.

Cell lysis buffer - For adherent cells, remove the culture medium and wash with PBS, physiological saline or serum-free culture medium. Add an appropriate amount of lysis solution and pipet several times with a gun to fully contact the lysate and cells. Typically after 10 seconds, cells are lysed. For suspended cells, collect the cells by centrifugation and wash them once with PBS, physiological saline or serum-free culture medium. Add an appropriate amount of lysis solution, blow the cells with a gun, and flick them with your fingers to fully lyse the cells. After full lysis, centrifuge at 10000-14000×g for 3-5 minutes and take the supernatant. Analyze immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C.

Tissue homogenate - rinse the tissue with pre-cooled PBS (0.01M, pH=7.4) to remove residual blood (lysed red blood cells in the homogenate will affect the measurement results), weigh and cut the tissue into pieces. Mix the minced tissue with the corresponding volume of PBS (generally

at a weight-to-volume ratio of 1:9, for example, 1g of tissue sample corresponds to 9mL of PBS.

The specific volume can be adjusted appropriately according to experimental needs and

recorded. It is recommended to add Protease inhibitor) was added to a glass homogenizer and

ground thoroughly on ice. In order to further lyse tissue cells, the homogenate can be sonicated

or repeatedly frozen and thawed. Finally, centrifuge the homogenate at 5000 × g for 5 to 10

minutes, and take the supernatant for detection.

Urine - Collect in sterile tubes and centrifuge at  $2000 \times g$  for 20 minutes. Carefully collect the

supernatant. If a precipitate forms, centrifuge again.

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Reagent preparation 1. Before use, all components must be rewarmed for at least 60 minutes to ensure sufficient rewarming to room temperature.

2. Concentrated washing liquid: The concentrated washing liquid taken out from the refrigerator will produce crystals. This is a normal phenomenon. Heating in a water bath will completely dissolve the crystals. Concentrated detergent and distilled water, dilute 1:20, that is, 1 part of concentrated detergent, add 19 parts of distilled water.

Operating procedures: Return all reagents and components to room temperature first. It is recommended to do duplicate holes for standards, quality control materials and samples.

- 1. Prepare the working solution of various components of the kit according to the method described in the previous instructions.
- 2. Take out the required slats from the aluminum foil bag, seal the remaining slats in a ziplock bag and return it to the refrigerator.
- 3. Set up standard wells and sample wells, and add 50  $\mu$ L of standards of different concentrations to each standard well;
- 4. Add 50 μL of the sample to be tested into the sample well; do not add it to the blank well.
- 5. Except for the blank well, add 100  $\mu$ L of horseradish peroxidase (HRP)-labeled detection antibody to each well of the standard well and sample well, seal the reaction well with a sealing film, and keep the temperature at 37°C in a water bath or thermostatic oven. Incubate for 60 minutes.
- 6. Discard the liquid, pat dry on absorbent paper, fill each well with washing solution (350  $\mu$ L), let it stand for 1 minute, shake off the washing solution, pat dry on absorbent paper, and repeat washing the plate 5 times (you can also use a plate washer to wash it) plate).

- 7. Add 50 µL each of substrates A and B to each well, and incubate at 37°C in the dark for 15 minutes.
- 8. Add 50  $\mu L$  of stop solution to each well, and within 15 minutes, measure the OD value of each well at a wavelength of 450 nm.

## [Interpretation of test results]

- 1. Negative control OD value: less than 0.2.
- 2. Positive control OD value: greater than 0.8.
- 3. Positive judgment (Cut-Off value): If the negative control OD value is +0.25, and the sample OD value is greater than the threshold, it is judged as positive, otherwise, it is negative.

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[Problem Analysis] If the experimental results are not good, please take pictures of the color development results in time, save the experimental data, keep the used strips and unused reagents, and then contact our company's technical support to solve the problem for you. At the same time, you can also refer to the following information: [Questions and Answers]

Problem description	Possible reasons	Corresponding countermeasures Corresponding countermeasures
	Incorrect liquid aspiration or	Check pipettes and tips
standard curve gradient difference	Equilibration time is too short	Ensure sufficient balancing time
	Incomplete washing	Ensure the washing time and number of washings and the amount of liquid
Very weak or colorless	Incubation time too short	Ensure adequate incubation time
	The experimental temperature is incorrect	Use recommended experimental temperatures
	Insufficient reagent volume or missing addition	Check the liquid aspirating and
	Incorrect dilution	adding process to ensure that all reagents are added in order and in
	Enzyme label inactivation or substrate failure	Mix enzyme conjugate and substrate and check by rapid color development
Reading value is low	Art 1 and 1 and	Check the wavelength and filter
	Microplate reader settings are incorrect	Turn on the microplate reader and preheat it in advance
Large coefficient of variation	Adding fluid incorrectly	Check the filling situation
High background value	The working concentration of the	Use the recommended dilution
	Incomplete washing of enzyme plate	Ensure that each step of cleaning is complete; if using an automatic plate washer, please check whether all outlets are blocked;
	The lotion is contaminated	Prepare fresh lotion
Low sensitivity	Improper storage of ELISA kits	Store relevant reagents according to
	Not terminated before reading	Stop solution should be added to



### <u>stat</u>ement

- Due to the current conditions and scientific and technological level, it is not
  possible to conduct comprehensive identification and analysis of all raw materials.
   This product may have certain quality and technical risks.
- 2. This kit removes/reduces some endogenous interfering factors in biological samples during the development process. Not all possible influencing factors have been removed.
- 3. The final experimental results are closely related to factors such as the effectiveness of the reagents, the relevant operations of the experimenter, and the experimental environment at the time. Our company is only responsible for the kit itself and is not responsible for the sample consumption caused by the use of the kit. Please use The user should fully consider the possible usage of the sample and reserve sufficient samples before use.
- 4. In order to achieve good experimental results, please only use the reagents provided in our company's kits, do not mix products from other manufacturers, and operate in strict accordance with the instructions.
- 5. Due to incorrect reagent preparation and microplate reader parameter settings during the operation, abnormal results may result. Please read the instructions carefully and adjust the instrument before the experiment.
- 6. Even if operated by the same personnel, different results may be obtained in two independent experiments. In order to ensure the reproducibility of the results, it is necessary to control every step of the experimental process.

7. The kits will undergo strict quality inspection before shipment. However, due to factors such as transportation conditions, differences in experimental equipment, etc., user test results may be inconsistent with factory data.

8. This kit has not been compared with similar kits from other manufacturers or products that detect the same target substance using different methods, so inconsistent test results cannot be ruled out.

9. The kit is for research use only. If it is used for clinical diagnosis or any other purpose, our company will not be responsible for any problems arising therefrom, nor will we assume any legal liability.

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