



Huntingtin (Acetyl Lys442) rabbit pAb

Catalog No	BYab-12601
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB; ELISA
Gene Name	HTT HD IT15
Protein Name	Huntingtin (Acetyl Lys442)
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human Huntingtin (Acetyl Lys442)
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of Human, Mouse, Rat Huntingtin (Acetyl Lys442)
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:1000-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Dilution	WB 1.1000-2000 ELIOA 1.0000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Concentration Purity	1 mg/ml ≥90%
Concentration Purity Storage Stability	1 mg/ml ≥90% -20°C/1 year
Concentration Purity Storage Stability Synonyms	1 mg/ml ≥90% -20°C/1 year Huntingtin (Huntington disease protein;HD protein)
Concentration Purity Storage Stability Synonyms Observed Band	1 mg/ml ≥90% -20°C/1 year Huntingtin (Huntington disease protein;HD protein) 300kD [Huntingtin]: Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Early endosome . The mutant Huntingtin protein colocalizes with AKAP8L in the nuclear matrix of Huntington disease neurons. Shuttles between cytoplasm and nucleus in a Ran GTPase-independent manner (PubMed:15654337). Recruits onto early endosomes in a Rab5- and HAP40-dependent fashion (PubMed:16476778); [Huntingtin, myristoylated]

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	and clinical course depend on the degree of poly-Gln repeat expansion, longer expansions resulting in earlier onset and more severe clinical manifestations. HD affects 1 in 10,000 individuals of European origin. Neuropathology of Huntington disease displays a distinctive pattern with loss of neurons, especially in the caudate and putamen (striatum).,function:May play a role in microtubule-mediated transport or vesicle function.,online information:Huntingtin entry,polymorphism:The poly-Gln region of HT
Background	huntingtin(HTT) Homo sapiens Huntingtin is a disease gene linked to Huntington's disease, a neurodegenerative disorder characterized by loss of striatal neurons. This is thought to be caused by an expanded, unstable trinucleotide repeat in the huntingtin gene, which translates as a polyglutamine repeat in the protein product. A fairly broad range of trinucleotide repeats (9-35) has been identified in normal controls, and repeat numbers in excess of 40 have been described as pathological. The huntingtin locus is large, spanning 180 kb and consisting of 67 exons. The huntingtin gene is widely expressed and is required for normal development. It is expressed as 2 alternatively polyadenylated forms displaying different relative abundance in various fetal and adult tissues. The larger transcript is approximately 13.7 kb and is expressed predominantly in adult and fetal brain whereas the smaller transcript of approximately 10.3 kb is more widel
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

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