



ATP5G3 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	BYab-16389
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat
Applications	IHC;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	ATP5G3
Protein Name	ATP synthase lipid-binding protein mitochondrial
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human ATP5G3. AA range:1-50
Specificity	ATP5G3 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ATP5G3 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	ATP5G3; ATP synthase lipid-binding protein; mitochondrial; ATP synthase proteolipid P3; ATPase protein 9; ATPase subunit c
Observed Band	
Cell Pathway	Mitochondrion membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.
Tissue Specificity	Liver,Subthalamic nucleus,
Function	disease:This protein is the major protein stored in the storage bodies of animals or humans affected with ceroid lipofuscinosis (Batten disease).,function:Mitochondrial membrane ATP synthase (F(1)F(0) ATP synthase or Complex V) produces ATP from ADP in the presence of a proton gradient across the membrane which is generated by electron transport complexes of the respiratory chain. F-type ATPases consist of two structural domains, F(1) - containing the extramembraneous catalytic core and F(0) - containing the membrane proton channel, linked together by a central stalk and a peripheral stalk. During catalysis, ATP synthesis in the catalytic domain of F(1) is coupled via a rotary mechanism of the central stalk subunits to proton

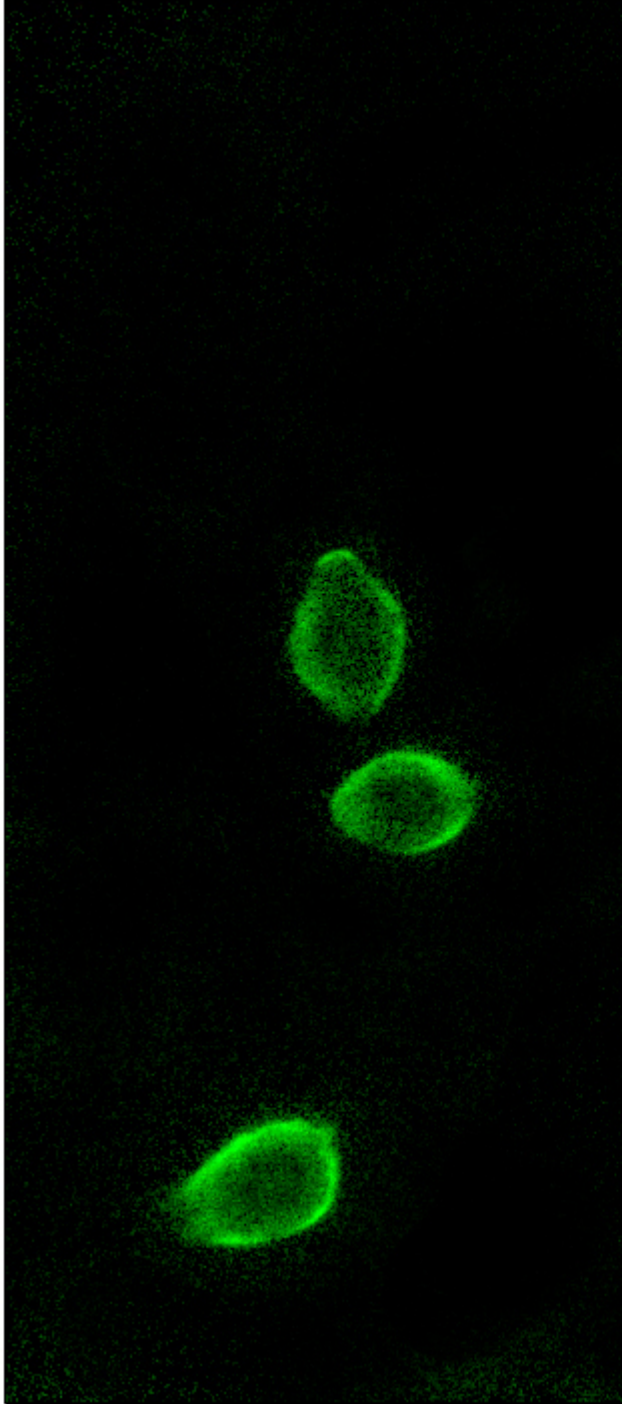
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	translocation. Part of the complex F(0) domain. A homomeric c-ring of probably 10 subunits is part of the complex rotary element.,miscellaneous:There are three gene
Background	This gene encodes a subunit of mitochondrial ATP synthase. Mitochondrial ATP synthase catalyzes ATP synthesis, utilizing an electrochemical gradient of protons across the inner membrane during oxidative phosphorylation. ATP synthase is composed of two linked multi-subunit complexes: the soluble catalytic core, F1, and the membrane-spanning component, Fo, comprising the proton channel. The catalytic portion of mitochondrial ATP synthase consists of 5 different subunits (alpha, beta, gamma, delta, and epsilon) assembled with a stoichiometry of 3 alpha, 3 beta, and a single representative of the other 3. The proton channel seems to have nine subunits (a, b, c, d, e, f, g, F6 and 8). This gene is one of three genes that encode subunit c of the proton channel. Each of the three genes have distinct mitochondrial import sequences but encode the identi
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



Products Images



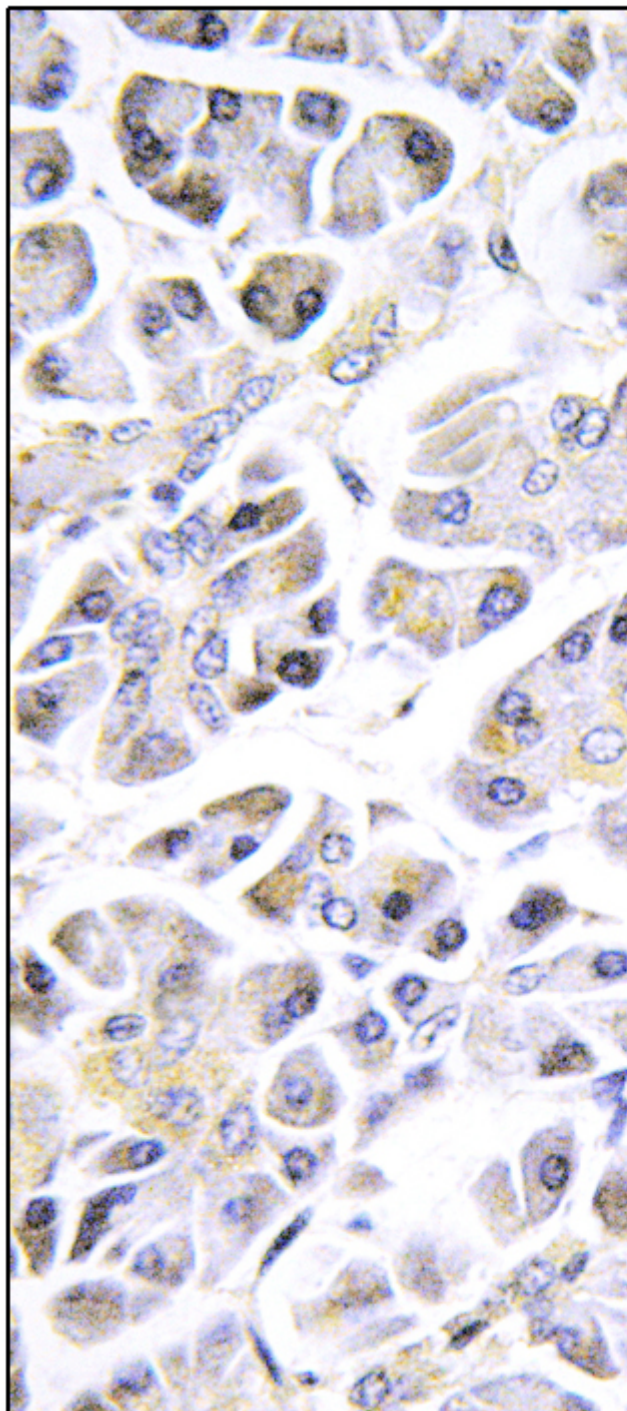
Immunofluorescence analysis of A549 cells, using ATP5G3 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

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Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human pancreas tissue, using ATP5G3 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

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