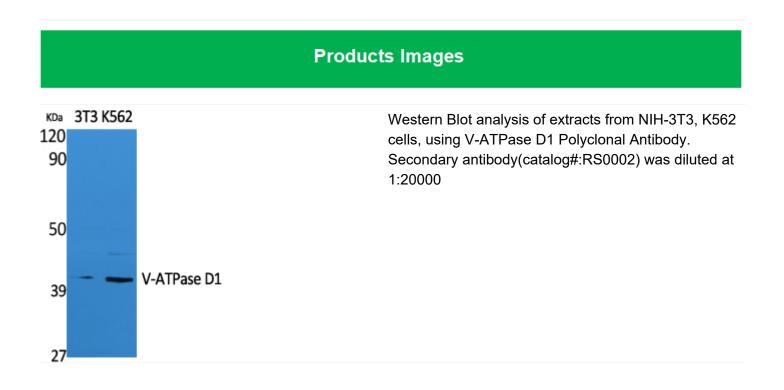




V-ATPase D1 Polyclonal Antibody

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Catalog No E	3Yab-16516
Isotype	gG
Reactivity H	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications V	WB;ELISA
Gene Name A	ATP6V0D1
Protein Name	V-type proton ATPase subunit d 1
•	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human √-ATPase D1. AA range:221-270
Specificity V	V-ATPase D1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of V-ATPase D1 protein.
Formulation L	iquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source F	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution V	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration 1	1 mg/ml
Purity ≥	≥90%
Storage Stability -	20°C/1 year
s	ATP6V0D1; ATP6D; VPATPD; V-type proton ATPase subunit d 1; V-ATPase subunit d 1; 32 kDa accessory protein; V-ATPase 40 kDa accessory protein; /-ATPase AC39 subunit; p39; Vacuolar proton pump subunit d 1
Observed Band 4	40kD
n v	Membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . Lysosome nembrane ; Peripheral membrane protein . Cytoplasmic vesicle, clathrin-coated /esicle membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein . Localizes to centrosome and he base of the cilium
Tissue Specificity	Jbiquitous.
∖ c tı tı	unction:Subunit of the integral membrane V0 complex of vacuolar ATPase. Vacuolar ATPase is responsible for acidifying a variety of intracellular compartments in eukaryotic cells, thus providing most of the energy required for ransport processes in the vacuolar system. May play a role in coupling of proton ransport and ATP hydrolysis.,similarity:Belongs to the V-ATPase V0D/AC39 subunit family.,subunit:V-ATPase is an heteromultimeric enzyme composed of a

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	peripheral catalytic V1 complex (components A to H) attached to an integral membrane V0 proton pore complex (components: a, c, c', c'' and d).,tissue specificity:Ubiquitous.,
Background	This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A and three B subunits, two G subunits plus the C, D, E, F, and H subunits. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The V0 domain consists of five different subunits: a, c, c', c'', and d. Additional isoforms of many of the V1 and V0 subunit proteins are encoded by multiple genes or alternatively spliced transcript variants. This encoded protein is known as the D subunit and is found ubiquitously. [pro
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



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Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells, using V-ATPase D1 antibody.

V-ATPase D1

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